

EU Transport Policy in CEF and the TEN-T & White Paper

EU transport policy CEF and the TEN-T

Roundtable discussion

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Mobility and Transport

Overview

- **1. EU Transport policy**
- 2. Transport sector challenges and White Paper
- 3. TEN T policy
- 4. Corridors: The Scandinavian Mediterranean Corridor
- 5. The Connecting Europe Facility
- 6. TEN-T review process

European Transport Policy

- Next to agriculture transport policy is a common policy area since 1957
- Internal market
- Infrastructure: since 1992 "Trans-European networks" part of the treaty → 2014-2020: €24bn from CEF (+300%) plus allocations from the cohesion funds
- Innovation: €6,3bn from Horizon 2020 (+50%)

Why A European Transport Policy?

EU Treaties

- Art. 3(3) TFEU: "The Union shall establish an internal market."
- Title VI on Transport (Art. 90-100)
 - Art. 100: Title VI applies to rail, road and inland waterway transport. Co-legislators can extend provisions of title VI to sea and air transport
- Title XVI on Trans-European Networks (Art 170-172)
- > 2011 Transport White Paper
- Competition and environmental legislation

Transport contributes to Commission priorities

- A European Green Deal
- > A Europe fit for the Digital age
- An economy that works for the people
- A stronger Europe in the world
- Promoting our European way of life

Trends and Challenges in the transport sector

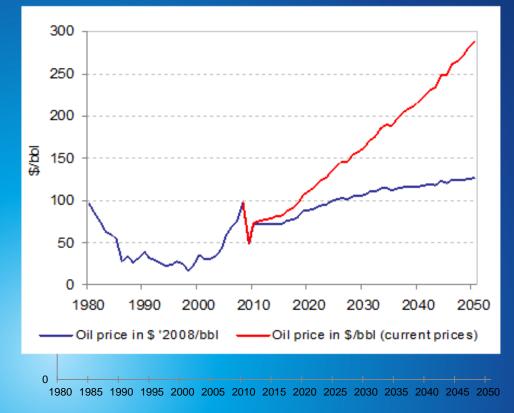
Transport is economically important both as a sector and a foundation for economic growth as an employer and as a pre-requisite for physical trade

EU Economy is dependent on transport

PASSENGERS, GOODS, GDP 1995-2017 YEAR 1995 = 100 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 PASSENGERS (1) (pkm) GOODS (2) (tkm) GDP (AT CONSTANT YEAR 2005 PRICES)

Oil dependency increases costs...

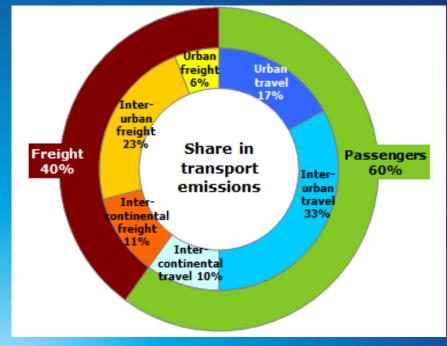
- EU transport depends on oil for about 96%
- Global oil demand is projected to grow from 84 million of barrels per day in 2009 to 100 in 2035.
- Increasing demand will renew its pressure on oil prices despite resurgence of production (shale oil)



Source: Prometheus, NTUA (E3MLab)

... and leads to higher GHG emissions

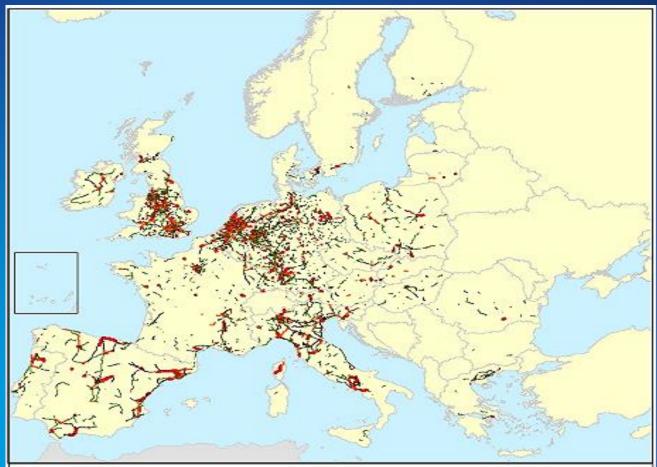
- Even if price of oil does not increase, the reduction of emissions requires a shift to alternative fuels
 - transport accounts for about one fourth of GHG emissions
 - By 2030, GHG emissions will be 25% higher than 1990 if business as usual



Source: PRIMES-TREMOVE and TREMOVE

Infrastructure: bottlenecks

at least 1% of GDP is lost in congestion



Sources : TransTools v2.1.10, reference scenario © 2010 Copyright, JRC, European Commission Coordinate Reference System: ETRS89 Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area



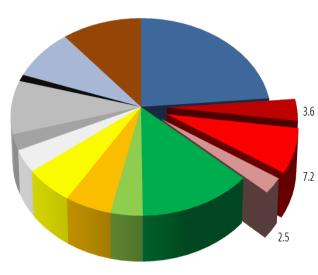


Poor infrastructure impedes growth

- Marked differences among countries, but generally declining trend in investment in transport infrastructure
- Ageing infrastructure increases costs and leads to congestion problems
- Some airports are becoming overcrowded
- Poor inter-modal connections of sea-ports lead to missed economic opportunities (Southern Europe)

Changing transport patterns with relevant economic consequences

Classification of individual consumption by purpose in 2011 (% of total)



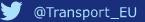
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels

- Transport: Purchase of vehicles
- Transport: Operation of personal transport equipment
 Transport: Transport services
- Food and non-alcoholic beverages
- Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics
- ⁵ Clothing and footwear
 - Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house
 Health
 - Communications
 - Recreation and culture
 - Education
 - Restaurants and hotels
 - Miscellaneous goods and services

- Households spend 13% of their budget on transport (2nd largest item)
- In some MS, less km driven with private cars. Vehicle purchases are decreasing and not only because of the crisis (congestion, oil price, competing expenditure)
- Greater use of high speed rail and aviation for medium-long distances.
- Alternative fuel vehicles in cities
- Sharing economy



TEN-T Policy







Trans- European networks policy: Regulation (EU) 1315/2013

- Two layer structure of the transport network: core and comprehensive network
- Common targets for completion: 2030 core network 2050 comprehensive network
- Agreed ambitious infrastructure standards to achieve interoperability and quality
- Greater focus on innovation, alternative fuels, standardised intelligent transport systems
- Corridors and Coordinators for the implementation

Requirements on the core network

Road: expressways or motorways, availability of safe and secure parking areas, availability of clean fuels

Rail: ERTMS Equipment , Electrification , European gauge

Rail freight: 22.5 t axle load, 740m trains , 100Km/h line speed

> Availability of clean fuels in Sea and Inland ports as well as at airports



TEN-T Corridors: The Scandinavian Mediterranean Corridor



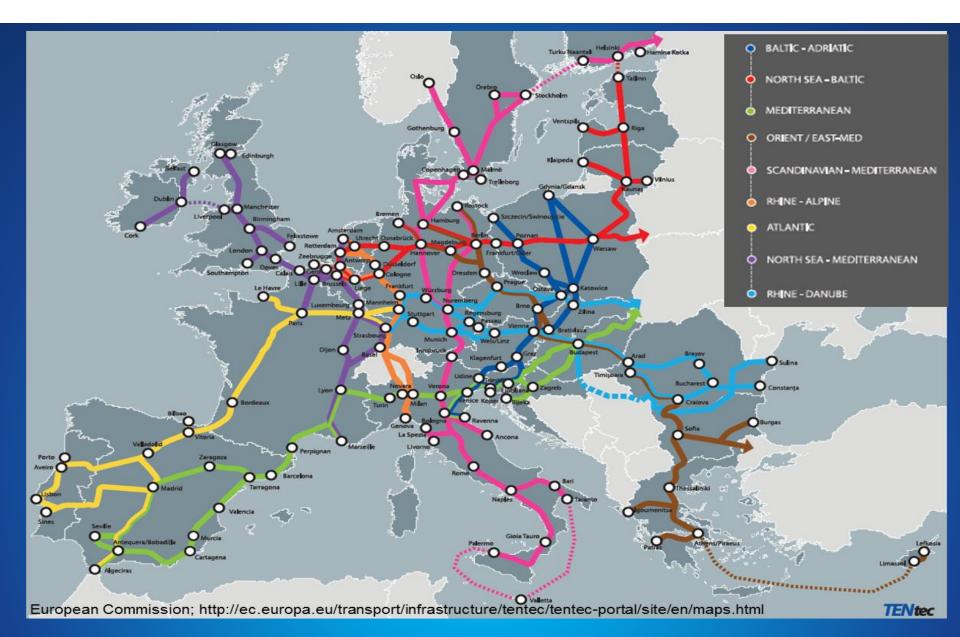




Core network corridors – targets

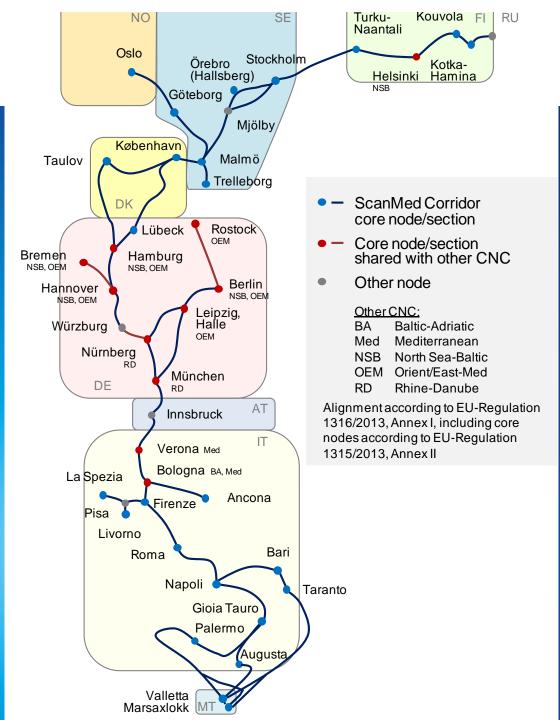
- Speed up the development of the core network
- Coordinate projects along the corridors
- > Synchronise investments
- > Include all concerned stakeholders
- Focus on:
- > cross border projects
- removal of bottlenecks and
- > construction of missing links and of interconnecting nodes

TEN-T Core network corridors



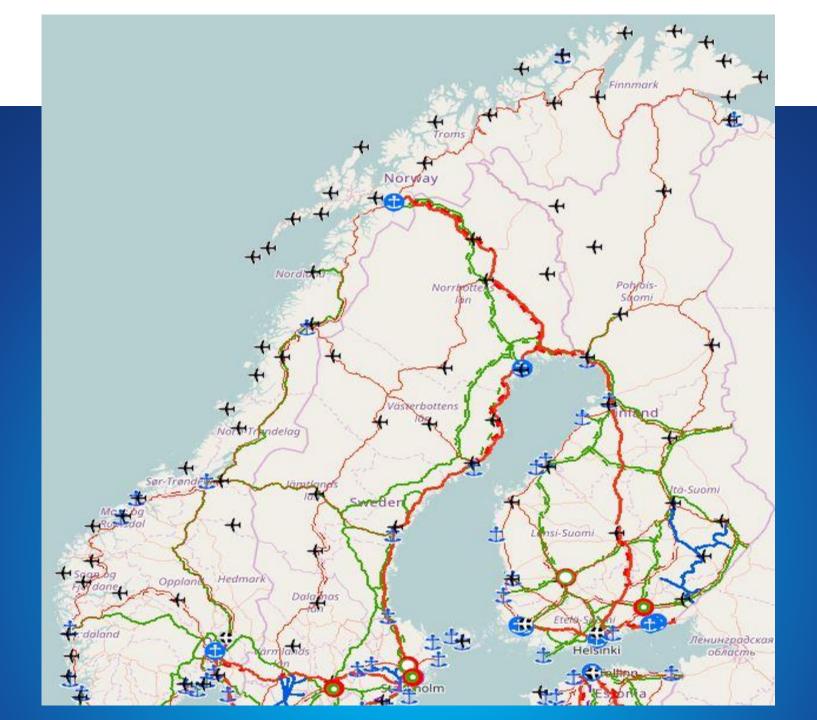
ScanMed corridor Alignment

- Linear Infrastructure (segments):
 - Road
 - Rail
- Nodes:
 - Seaports
 - Airports
 - Rail- Road terminals
 - Urban nodes (linking different infrastructures)
- Inland waterways and inland ports are not part of the corridor
- Some segments are overlapping with other corridors



Overview ScanMed corridor

| Mode/Node | Dim | ension | FI | NO | SE | DK | DE | AT | IT | MT | Total |
|-------------------|--------|--|-------------|--------|-------|-----|-------|---------|-------|-----|-------|
| | Color | Code | FI | NO | SE | DK | DE | AT | IT | MT | |
| Rail | netv | vork | 518 | 169 | 1.462 | 476 | 3.532 | 163 | 3.053 | - | 9.373 |
| Road | leng | th [km] | 376 | 116 | 1.039 | 440 | 1.869 | 109 | 2.401 | 22 | 6.372 |
| Airports | number | | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 7 | - | 4 | 1 | 19 |
| Seaports | | | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | - | 9 | 2 | 25 |
| RRT | | | 5 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 16 | 0 | 13 | - | 45 |
| Core Urban | | | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 19 |
| Country Shares | | Ra Roa Airport Seaport RR Core Urba | d s T | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 0% 1 | 0% 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% 70% | % 80% | 90% | 100% |

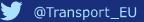


Corridor process and results so far

- Regular meetings of the corridor forum to inform stakeholders on progress
- Meetings of working groups on specific topics (ideas laboratories)
- Corridor "Consultants" undertaking detailed technical analysis of corridors
- Bilateral meetings and visits along the corridors by the coordinators
- Corridor studies and workplans giving a detailed analysis of the corridors
- Project lists detailing the investments planned on the corridors by 2030
- > TENtec maps



Connecting Europe Facility







Funding: The Connecting Europe Facility

First Infrastructure fund for Europe: Transport, Energy, Telecommunication

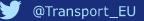
- ► €22.4 bn. for TEN-T projects (vs €8bn in 2007-2013!)
 - €11.3 bn. for cohesion member states
 - €11.1 bn. for all 28 EU member states
 - Focus on corridor projects but not only: cross border and sustainable projects are preferred
- > 2019 Reflow call 1.4bn € open until 26 February 2020
- One further call planned for 2020 with remaining budget

CEF support to the ScanMed corridor

- 90 CEF projects (12 completed) with a volume of 2.36bn on the corridor addressing Work Plan priorities:
 - Capacity issues Missing links Fehmarnbelt fixed link and Brenner Base tunnel
 - Different standards ERTMS
 - Environnemental aspects Greening of infrastructure
 - Public private co-operation Blending calls



CEF 2021-2027









to develop and modernise the trans-European networks in the fields of transport, energy and digital

to facilitate cross-border cooperation in the field of renewable energy

taking into account the long-term decarbonisation commitments

and with emphasis on synergies among sectors



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Transport € 24,115 million

- Efficient and interconnected networks
- Smart (digital), sustainable (e.g. alternative fuels), inclusive, safe and secure mobility

€ 6,500 million

 TEN-T adapted to military mobility requirements

Energy € 8,650 million

- Integration of the internal energy market
- Interoperability of networks across borders & sectors
- Decarbonisation
- Security of supply
- Renewables crossborder cooperation

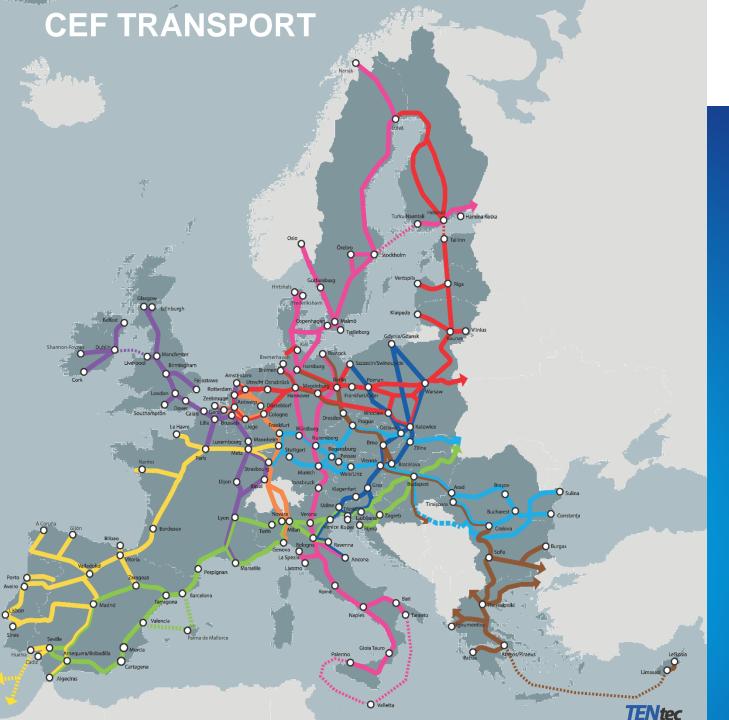
Digital € 3,000 million

- Deployment of very high capacity & 5G digital networks
- Increased resilience and capacity of backbone networks on EU territories
- Digitalisation of transport & energy networks

CONNECTING EUROPE

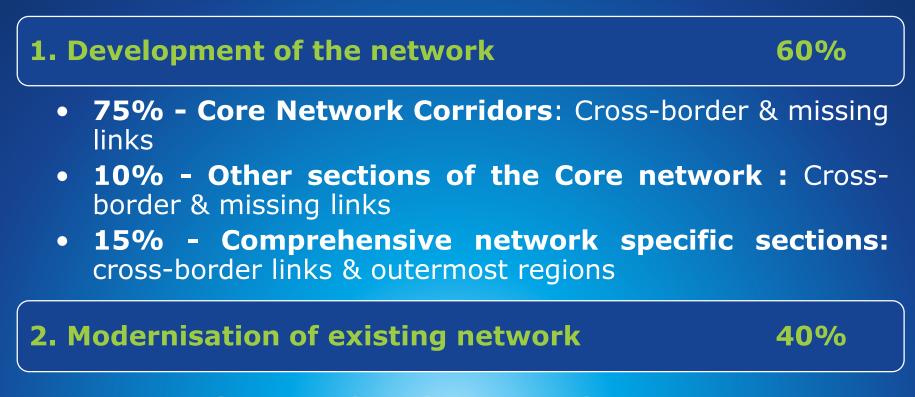
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New Annex

WHAT ARE THE SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES? (1)



 Core and Comprehensive network : Smart (digital – interoperability), sustainable (e.g. alternative fuels), inclusive (e.g. freight transport services), safe and secure TEN-T (e.g. MoS, ERTMS, SESAR)

WHAT ARE THE SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES? (2)

3. Military Mobility

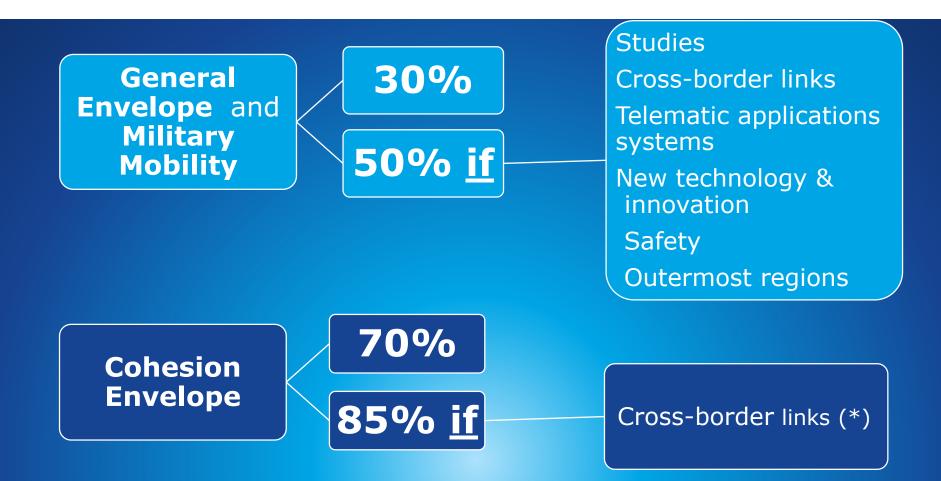
- Core and comprehensive networks:
- Actions supporting TEN-T infrastructure

 → to adapt it to military mobility requirements
 → to enable a civilian-military dual-use of the infrastructure

Based on the Action Plan on Military Mobility

- 2018: Military requirements to be defined
- 2018: Identification of the gaps between technical TEN-T requirements & military mobility requirements needed
- 2019: Identification of the Dual use projects

MAXIMUM CO-FINANCING RATES



Only maximum co-funding rates in Basic Act More detailed rates in the work programmes

STRONGER ARTICULATION WITH THE CORE NETWORK CORRIDORS

An increased role for the **European Coordinators** and their **work plans** in the **selection process of projects**

- Selection of projects shall be based on award criteria defined in the work programmes and calls, and taking into account key elements set out in the Regulation
- Where applicable, the assessment of the award criteria will ensure that:
 - proposed actions are consistent with the corridor work plans and implementing acts and
 - take into account the opinion of the responsible European Coordinator



Evaluation of the TEN-T Guidelines









Reviewing TEN-T policy: Objectives

- Evaluating all provisions of the TEN-T Regulation (N° 1315/2013)
- Focusing in particular on four areas:
 - Network planning (planning method, core and comprehensive networks)
 - ✓ Infrastructure features (standards, equipment, quality requirements)
 - ✓ Interrelation between infrastructure and its use / transport operations
 - Implementation instruments (core network corridors, reporting, coordinators workplan etc.)
- Strengthening the TEN-T as enabler of a sustainable, safe, smart and efficient transport system in the light of fundamental changes in the transport system overall

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Taking account of geo-political developments







Reviewing TEN-T policy: The approach

- Review and analysis of existing literature and other relevant materials
- Taking account of all relevant developments in related EU policies in transport and beyond, e.g.
 - climate protection
 - environment
 - energy
 - digitalisation
 - health and social issues
 - international relations

Stakeholder consultations



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Strengthening integration with other transport policy fields

Especially with a view to making a significant contribution to decarbonising transport, activities are going on in a wide range of transport policy areas.

Currently, the following evaluations are ongoing, in close coordination with the TEN-T evaluation:

- Regulation on Rail Freight Corridors
- Urban Mobility
- Alternative Fuel Infrastructure
- ITS
- Transport Policy White Paper

As well as ongoing activities in the field of MoS and ERTMS



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Consultation activity as a key evaluation tool

- Broad set of consultation activities also using the results of recent consultation activities in related policy areas covering a broad range of stakeholders
- Open public consultation, targeted stakeholder consultations, workshops, case studies, final conference
- OPC took place between mid-April and mid July 2019 (600+ contributions received)
- Targeted stakeholder consultations, as of Q4 2019
- Addressing the 5 evaluation criteria: effectiveness, efficiency, relevance, coherence and EU added value, with a particular focus on the main areas (design, features, use and implementation)

Case studies as a specific form of the targeted stakeholder consultation

- A number of case studies are foreseen in order to assess in how far the current regulation is able to cope with the situation in a certain area, concerning notably:
 - > The role of urban nodes in TEN-T policy
 - > Core network corridors as a tool to facilitate the coordinated implementation of the core network
 - > Infrastructure standards and requirements
 - > Infrastructure for a future oriented mobility system
 - Digitalisation and innovation
 - > TEN-T requirements from a "European passengers perspective"
 - > Infrastructure quality requirements, resilience, life-cycle approach
- Case studies to be carried out by proven experts in the respective field focussing on specific evaluation criteria (to be defined)



Reviewing TEN-T policy: The process

- Evaluation study, carried out by an external consultant; study period: April 2019 2nd quarter 2020
- Presentation and discussion of results at 2020 TEN-T Days: 13 15 May 2020, Croatia
- Staff Working Document: Publication Summer 2020
- Deepening on specific issues (such as planning method, stakeholder reporting, status of national infrastructure policy, TEN-T policy in relation to third countries, high-speed rail etc.) throughout the process
- Depending on the outcomes of the review process: Preparation of a legislative proposal for a revision of the TEN-T Regulation



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Further Information

Website: http://ec.europa.eu/transport/index en.htm

Infographics: <u>http://ec.europa.eu/transport/facts-</u> <u>fundings/infographics/index_en.htm</u>

Scoreboard: <u>http://ec.europa.eu/transport/facts-</u> <u>fundings/scoreboard/index_en.htm</u>

Maps: <u>http://ec.europa.eu/transport/infrastructure/tentec/tentec-</u> portal/map/mobile.html

3rd Workplan:

https://ec.europa.eu/transport/sites/transport/files/180322 work plan wpiii final web.pdf

INEA website with call details: <u>https://ec.europa.eu/inea/en/connecting-europe-</u> <u>facility/cef-transport/apply-funding/2019-cef-transport-map-call</u>

Thank you very much for your attention!

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