

A 2050 vision for a carbon-neutral Europe: opportunities for climate initiatives

22 November 2019 Simon Kay

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- **★** The context: climate neutrality by 2050
- ***** Policies
 - ★ Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry
 - **★** Carbon Farming
 - **★** LIFE





Paris Agreement Ambition

Global goals

★ Mitigation (reducing emissions)

- Well below +2deg C + Efforts to limit increase to +1.5deg C
- ▶ Balance between emissions and removals of greenhouse gases by the 2nd ½ of this century

★ Adaptation

► Enhancing adaptive capacity, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change







INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON Climate change

Climate Change and Land

An IPCC Special Report on climate change, desertification, land degradation, sustainable land management, food security, and greenhouse gas fluxes in terrestrial ecosystems

Summary for Policymakers









CORRIERE DELLA SERA

Allarme Onu, il riscaldamento globale aumenterà fame e migrazioni

Il nuovo studio suggerisce anche di diminuire il consumo di carne e latticini. Coldiretti: danni per 14 miliardi all'agricoltura italiana nell'ultimo decennio



Climate crisis reducing land's ability to sustain humanity, says IPCC

UN report finds ecosystems never before under such threat and restoration is urgent

• How climate's impact on land threatens civilisation - and how to fix it

Le Monde

Un rapport spécial du GIEC : l'humanité épuise les terres

Les experts de l'ONU avertissent sur la surexploitation des ressources, qui menace la sécurité alimentaire, appauvrit la biodiversité et amplifie les émissions.

Par Pierre Le Hir - Publié le 08 août 2019 à 10h00 - Mis à jour le 09 août 2019 à 16h21

The New York Times

Climate Change Threatens the World's Food Supply, United Nations Warns

https://www.ipcc.ch/srccl-report-download-page/







Communication "A Clean Planet for All" (Long Term Strategy) (Nov 2018)

25 pages

https://europa.eu/!uJ83HG

In depth analysis supporting the Communication 393 pages

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393 pages
https://europa.eu/!JX39VJ

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

IN.DEPTH ANALYSIS IN SUPPORT OF THE COMMISSION
COMMUNICATION COM(2018) 773

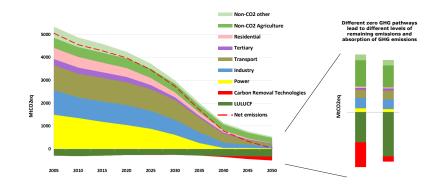
A Clean Planet for all
A European long-term strategic vision for a prosperous, modern, competitive and

Brussels, 28 November 2018



Our Vision for a Clean Planet by 2050

- ★ Commission vision for EU long-term strategy: climate-neutral EU by 2050 (net zero GHG emissions)
- **★ Substantial transformations**: energy system, buildings, transport, industry, agriculture
- ★ A number of pathways challenging but feasible from technological, economic, environmental and social perspective







Ursula von der Leyen
President-elect



Frans Timmermans

First Vice-President Executive Vice-President-designate for the European Green Deal







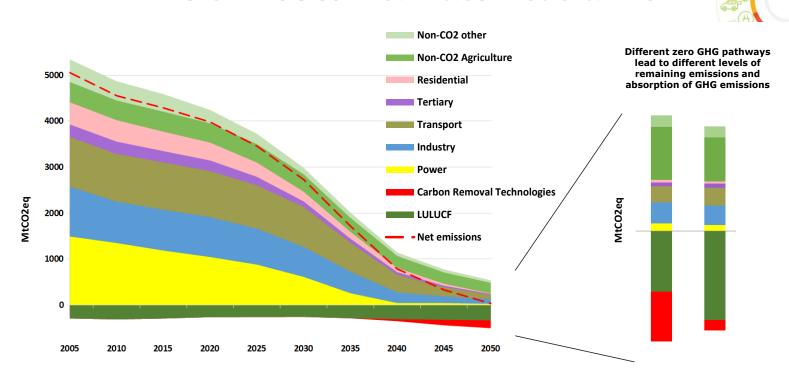
The European Green Deal

- > Europe to become climate-neutral by 2050
 - Proposal within the first 100 days in office, including first European Climate Law
 - Extension of the ETS
 - Border Carbon Tax
 - Just Transition Fund
 - Strategy for green financing and a Sustainable Europe Investment Plan
 - Parts of the EIB become EU's climate bank
 - Increase EU's target for 2030 to 50%, if possible to 55%
- **Environment** (Biodiversity Strategy, sustainable food policy, zero-pollution ambition, circular Economy Action Plan, single-use plastics and micro-plastics)





Vision 2050: A climate-neutral EU



Land use contribution to climate policies



ADAPT to climate change

Water retention
Choice of resilient crops
Enhance soil quality
Agro-forestry

REDUCE GHG emissions

Precision farming
Breeding
Nitrification inhibitors
Anaerobic digestors
Energy efficiency

ENHANCE carbon removals

Afforestation
Limit deforestation
Enhance forest carbon sink
Sustainable soil management
Wetland management

PROMOTE the bioeconomy

Bio-feedstocks for industry and power sectors

Advanced biofuels

Substituting building materials

EU Adaptation Strategy

Effort Sharing

Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry **Emission Trading** (substitution effect)

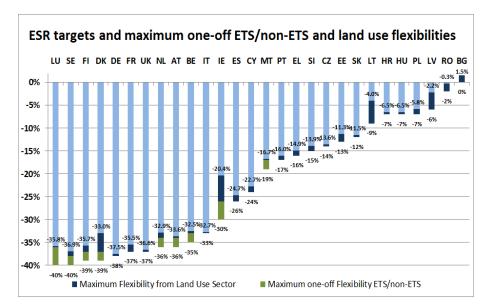
EU Governance Regulation

EU Climate framework



National targets, Regs (EU)2018/842 and 2018/841

Including non-CO2 agriculture, transport, waste, buildings, land



- Every Member State has an emission reduction target by 2030
- The allocation of the targets is proportional to GDP
- Member State can achieve part of these targets with credits generated in the land (LULUCF) sector
- Countries with a larger agricultural sector can use more LULUCF credits to comply with Effort Sharing targets



Land Use, Land Use Change and Forestry

- ★ LULUCF includes all impacts on GHG of human management of vegetation and soils
 - ropland, grassland, forests, wetlands
- ★ Both emissions and removals
- ★ LULUCF today is approx. 10% removal of the EU's total GHG budget
- ★ The forest sink, however, is projected to decline in some Member States and the EU
- * Additional effort can maintain these removals





Carbon Farming Schemes

Ongoing activities in DG CLIMA

- Study to create guidelines on EU Carbon Farming
- ★ LIFE Call (under award process) for a preparatory project on Carbon Farming
 Under a result-based CAP MS can design direct incentives to climate action:
- ★ E.g. "carbon farming" payments for carbon sequestration
- * Climate action can become a new source of income for farmers



LIFE programme 2021-2027



- ★ Proposed budget of €5,45 billion, divided into two fields:
 - **Environment** with 2 sub-programmes
 - ★ Nature and Biodiversity (€2,15 bn)
 - **★** Circular Economy and Quality of Life (€1,35 bn)
 - ★ **Climate Action** with 2 sub-programmes
 - ★ Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation (€0,95 bn)
 - ★ Clean Energy Transition (€1 bn)
- ★ Building on previous LIFE programmes, more focus on strategic projects
- * National contact points for guidance on formulating applications



Examples of LIFE projects (mitigation)

Projects can contribute to the wider adoption of*:



- ★ Conservation agriculture
- ★ Agro-forestry
- ★ Wetland management (e.g. peatland restoration)
- ★ Sustainable forest management
- ★ Enhanced soil carbon management
- **★** Carbon accounting tools
- Local "Carbon Farming" schemes (carbon credit markets)
- Improved monitoring of carbon emissions and removals

- Replacement of fossil-based materials with bio-based materials
- ★ Bio-based circular economy
- Improved nutrient management and nitrogen fixing
- ★ Better livestock management (feeding, breeding...)
- ★ Better manure management

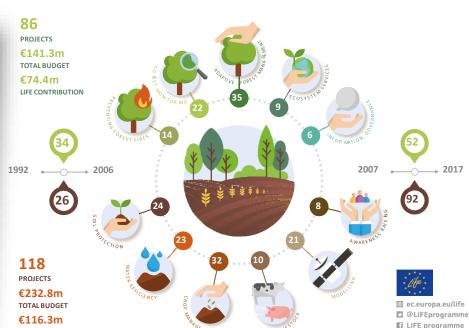
* Non-exhaustive lists



Examples of LIFE projects (adaptation)

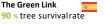
LIFE CONTRIBUTION







The Green Link



LIFE AgroClimaWater



15 % water saved on olive and citrus farms

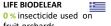


LIFE VinEcoS

22 % less pesticides used on vineyards



LIFE BIODELEAR



fruit orchards

SigAGROasesor



400 farmers given real-time recommendations



PTD LIFE

PTD LIFE
120 livestock breeders tested



adaptive grazing plans



LIFE+ DEMORGEST

60 % extra CO, savings alongside new anti-forest fire practices



LIFE+ ForBioSensing PL

22 million trees mapped to track climate change effects



LIFE programme

ec.europa.eu/easme/ en/life



Thank you for your attention









